$\qquad$
Part I: Multiple Choice. Write the correct answer in the space provided at the end of this section.

1. What expression is equivalent to $\frac{2 x-1}{x+5}, x \neq-5$ ?
(A) $\frac{10 x^{2}-5 x}{x+15}$
(B) $\frac{4 x-2}{2 x+10} \quad \frac{2(2 x-1)}{2(x+5)} \times \neq-5$
(C) $\frac{2 x^{2}-x}{x^{2}+5 x}$

(D) $\frac{6 x-3}{x+5}$


2. What are the non-permissible values that apply to the expression $\frac{x^{2}-9}{x^{2}+4 x+3}$ ?
(A) $x \neq-3, x \neq-1$
$(x+1)(x+3)$
(B) $\quad x \neq-1$
$x \neq-1, x t-3$
(C) $\quad x \neq 1$
(D) $\quad x \neq 1, x \neq 3$
3. Simplify $\frac{4}{x}+\frac{x+1}{2 x}$. Leis: $2 \times$
(A) $\frac{x+5}{3 x}$
$\frac{8}{\partial x}+\frac{\lambda+1}{\partial x}$
(B) $\frac{5}{3 x}$

(C) $\frac{x+9}{2 x}$
$\partial x$
(D) $\frac{x+5}{2 x^{2}}$

$$
=\frac{\lambda+9}{\partial x}
$$

4. What is the simplified form of the expression $\frac{x^{2}+x-12}{x+2} \div \frac{x-3}{x+4}$ ?
(A) $\frac{x-3}{x+2}$
(B) $\frac{(x+3)(x-3)}{x+2}$

$$
\frac{(x+4)(x-3)}{(x+2)} \times \frac{(x+4)}{(x-3)}
$$

(C) $\frac{x+4}{x+2}$

$$
(x+4)(x+4)
$$

(D) $\frac{(x+4)(x+4)}{x+2}$
5. What is the simplest form of the expression of $\frac{2 x^{2}+8 x}{4 x^{3}+16 x^{2}}$ ?
(A) $\frac{1}{2}$

(B) $\frac{1}{2 x}$

$$
24 x^{2}(x+4)
$$

(C) $\frac{2 x}{4 x^{2}}$

(D) $\frac{x^{2}+4 x}{x^{3}+4 x^{2}}$
6. What is the lowest common denominator of the rational equation:
(A) 5

$$
\frac{3}{x-3}+\frac{x}{x^{2}-3 x}=\frac{3 x-1}{5}
$$

(B) $x$
(C) $x(x-3)$
(D) $5 x(x-3)$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3}{(x-3)}+\frac{x}{x(x-3)}=\frac{3 x-1}{5} \\
& \text { (1) } 5 x(x-3)
\end{aligned}
$$

7. What is the simplified form of $\frac{x-3}{3-x}$ ? $=-1$
(A) 0
(B) 1
(CD) -1
(D) $\frac{x-3}{3-x}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{x-3}{-x+3} \\
& =\frac{(x-3)}{-(x-3)}
\end{aligned} \quad\left[=-\frac{1}{-1}\right.
$$

8. Fred makes a mistake on his assignment. In which step does the mistake appear?
(A) Step $1 \quad \frac{c^{2}-36}{2 c} \div \frac{c-6}{8 c^{2}}$
(B) Step 2
(C) Step 3

Step 1 $\frac{c^{2}-36}{2 c} \times \frac{8 c^{2}}{c-6}$
(D) Step 4

$$
\frac{c^{2}-36}{2 c} \div \frac{c-6}{8 c^{2}}
$$

ep 1

Step 2

$$
\frac{(c-6)(c-6)}{2 c} \times \frac{(2 c)(4 c)}{c-6}
$$

$$
\text { Step } 3 \quad \frac{(c-6)(c-6)}{z c} \times \frac{(2 c)(4 c)}{c-6}
$$

Step 4

$$
\frac{4 c(c-6)}{1}
$$

9. Simplify: $\frac{\left(2+\frac{1}{x}\right) x}{\left(4 x-\frac{1}{x}\right) x}=2 x+\frac{x}{x}$
(A) $\frac{-1}{2 x}$
(B) $\frac{-2 x+1}{2 x}$

$D=\frac{1}{\partial x-1}$
(C) $\frac{1}{2 x-1}$

$$
=\frac{2 x+1}{4 x^{2}-1}
$$

(D) $\frac{2 x+1}{4 x-1}$

$$
=\frac{(2 x+1)}{(2 x-1)(2 x+1)}
$$

10. Braw can clean the shed in 5 hours, but it takes Sam 6 hours to do the same job. How long would it take them to clean the shed if they worked together? Which equation would you use to solve this problem?
(A) $\frac{5}{x}+\frac{6}{x}=1$
(B) $\frac{x}{5}+\frac{x}{6}=\frac{x}{1}$
(C) $\frac{1}{5+6}=\frac{1}{x}$
(D) $\frac{1}{5}+\frac{1}{6}=\frac{1}{x}$

Answers to multiple choice.

1. $\qquad$ 2. $\qquad$ 3. $\qquad$ 4. $\qquad$ 5. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$ 7. $\qquad$ 8. $\qquad$ 9. $\qquad$ 10. $\qquad$

Part II: Constructed Response. Answer each question in the space provided. Show all workings.
11. Simplify and state all non-permissible values: $\frac{x^{2}-4}{2 x^{2}+11 x+5} \div \frac{x^{2}-x-6}{x^{2}+2 x-15}$


$$
\frac{x-2}{2 x+1}, x \neq-5,-\frac{1}{2}, 3 ;-2
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
2 x^{2}+11 x+5 \frac{1}{10} \\
2 x^{2}+10 x+1 x+51,0 \\
2 x(x+5)+(x+5) \\
(x+5)(2 x+1)
\end{gathered}
$$

12. Simplify and state all non-permissible values: $\frac{4 x+9}{4 x^{2}+13 x+3}-\frac{3}{4 x+1}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{(4 x+9)}{(x+3)(4 x+1)}-\frac{3}{(4 x+1)} \\
& \text { Lis: }(x+3)(4 x+1) \\
& \begin{array}{l}
=\frac{4 x+9}{(x+3)(4 x+1)}-(x+3) \frac{3}{(x+3)} \\
4 x+9
\end{array} \\
& 4 x^{2}+13 x+3 \quad 12 \\
& 4 x^{2}+12 x+x+3 \quad \frac{12}{1,12} \\
& 4 x(x+3)+(x+3) \\
& (x+3)(4 x+1) \\
& \begin{array}{l}
=\frac{4 x+9}{(x+3)(4 x+1)} \frac{(3 x+9)}{(x+3)(4 x+1)} \\
=4 x+9-3 x-9
\end{array} \\
& =\frac{4 x+9-3 x-9}{(x+3)(4 x+1)} \\
& =\frac{x}{(x+3)(4 x+1)}, x \neq-3,-\frac{1}{4}
\end{aligned}
$$

13. Solve. Be sure to check for extraneous roots.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\frac{9}{(y-3)}-\frac{4}{(y-6)}=\frac{18}{(y-3)(y-6)}=\frac{18}{y^{2}-9 y+18} \\
(y-3)(y-6) \frac{9}{(y-3)}-(y-3)(y-6) \cdot \frac{4}{(y-6)}=(y-5)(y-6) \cdot \frac{18}{(y-3)(y-6)} \\
(y-6) \cdot 9-(y-3) \cdot 4 \\
9 y-54-(4 y-12)=18 \quad \frac{9}{12-3}-\frac{4}{12-6}=\frac{18}{12^{2}-9(12)+18} \\
9 y-54-4 y+12=18 \quad 6 \frac{9}{9}-\frac{4}{6}=\frac{18}{54} \\
5 y=18-12+54 \\
\frac{5 y}{5}=\frac{60}{5} \quad \frac{54}{54}-\frac{36}{54}=\frac{18}{54} \\
y=12
\end{gathered}
$$

14. The rectangle has a perimeter of 4 units. What is the value of $x$ ?

$$
\begin{gathered}
\frac{2}{1}\left(\frac{4}{x-2}\right)+\frac{2}{1}\left(\frac{6}{x-2}\right)=4 \\
\frac{8}{x-2}+\frac{12}{x-2}=4 \\
\frac{20}{x-2}=4 \frac{4}{1} \\
4 x-8=20 \\
4 x=28 \\
x=7
\end{gathered}
$$


15. It takes Bill 8 hours longer to construct a patio than it takes Fred. If they work together, they can construct the patio in 20 hours. How long would it take Bill to construct the patio alone?

| Name | tine | rate | $\frac{1}{x+8}+\frac{1}{x}=\frac{1}{20} \quad$ Lei: $20 x(x+8)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $B: 11$ | $x+8$ | $\frac{1}{x+8}$ |  |
| Fred | $x$ | $\frac{1}{x}$ | $20 x(x+8) \cdot \frac{1}{(x+8)}+20 x(x+8) \cdot \frac{1}{x}=20 x(x+8) \cdot \frac{1}{20}$ |
| both | 20 | $1 / 20$ | $20 x+20 x+16$ |

$$
x=\frac{-(-32) \pm \sqrt{(-3 \alpha)^{2}-4(1)(-160)}}{2(1)}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 20 x+20 x+160=x^{2}+8 x \\
& x^{2}+8 x-1
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x^{2}+8 x-40 x-160=0 \\
& x^{2}-32
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
x^{2}-32 x-160=0
$$

$x=\frac{32 \pm \sqrt{1664}}{2}$
$x=32 \pm 40.8$$\quad \begin{aligned} & x=\frac{32-40.8}{2}, x=\frac{32+40.8}{2} \\ & x=-4.4, x=36.4\end{aligned}$
$x=\frac{32 \pm 40.8}{2} \quad x=-4.4, x=36.4$
Bill takes $36.4+8=44.4 \mathrm{~h}$ to construct the patio.

