Part I: Multiple Choice. Place the correct answer in the corresponding blank at the end of this section.

1. What is the domain for  $y = \log_2 x$ ?

(A) 
$$\{x \mid x > 0, x \in R\}$$

(B) 
$$\{x \mid x \geq 0, x \in R\}$$

(C) 
$$\{x \mid x \in R\}$$

(D) 
$$\{x \mid x > 2, x \in R\}$$

2. What is the domain for  $y = -5 \ln x$ ?

(A) 
$$\{x \mid x > 0, x \in R\}$$

(B) 
$$\{x \mid x \geq 0, x \in R\}$$

(C) 
$$\{x \mid x \in R\}$$

(D) 
$$\{x \mid x > 5, x \in R\}$$

3. What is the range for  $y = 7 \log x$ ?

(A) 
$$\{y \mid y > 0, y \in R\}$$

(B) 
$$\{y \mid y \ge 0, y \in R\}$$

(C) 
$$\{y \mid y \in R\}$$

(D) 
$$\{y \mid y > 7, y \in R\}$$

4. What is the range for  $y = 6 \ln x$ ?

(A) 
$$\{y \mid y > 0, y \in R\}$$

(B) 
$$\{y \mid y \ge 0, y \in R\}$$

(C) 
$$\{y \mid y \in R\}$$

(D) 
$$\{y \mid y > 6, y \in R\}$$

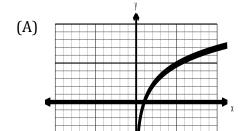
5. What is the *y* -intercept for  $y = 2\log_4 x$ ?

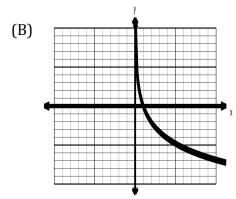
- (A) 0
- (B) 2
- (C) 4
- (D) No *y* -intercept

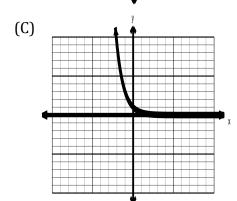
6. What is the *y*-intercept for  $y = -4 \ln x$ 

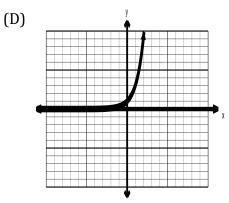
- (A) -4
- (B) 0
- (C) *e*
- (D) No *y* -intercept

7. Which graph best represents  $y = 3 \ln x$ ?

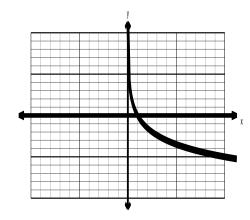








8. Which function represents the graph below?



(A) 
$$y = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^x$$

(B) 
$$y = 5^x$$

(C) 
$$y = -5\log x$$

(D) 
$$y = 5 \log x$$

10.	What	is the $x$ -interes	cept of	<i>y</i> = -8	ln <i>x</i> ?			
	(A)	-8	(B)	1		(C)	e	(D) No <i>x</i> -intercept
11.	What is the end behaviour of $y = 4 \log x$ ?							
	(A) (C)	extends from extends from				(B) (D)	extends from extends from	_
12.	What is the end behaviour of $y = -2 \ln x$ ?							
	(A) (C)	extends from extends from	-	_		(B) (D)	extends from extends from	_
13.	What	is $e^x = 18$ in l	ogarith	mic fori	m?			
	. ,	$ \ln x = 18 \\ \log_x 18 = e $			(B) (D)	ln18 = log <sub>18</sub> x		
14.	What is $\log_2\left(\frac{1}{16}\right) = -4$ in exponential form?							
	(A)	$2^{-4} = \frac{1}{16}$			(B)	$\left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^{-1}$	= 2	
	(C)	$\left(-4\right)^2 = \frac{1}{16}$			(C)	$\left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^2$	= -4	
15.	What is the logarithmic form of $3^{-4} = \frac{1}{81}$ ?							
	(A)	$\log_3\left(-4\right) = \frac{3}{8}$	<u>l</u> 1			(B)	$\log_{\frac{1}{81}}\left(-4\right) = 3$	
	(C)	$\log_3\left(\frac{1}{81}\right) = -$	4			(D)	$\log_{\frac{1}{81}} 3 = -4$	

(C)

2

(D) 6

9.

(A)

0

What is the x-intercept of  $y = 6 \log_2 x$ ?

(B) 1

16.	What is the logarithmic form of $b^e = n$ ?									
		$\log_b e = n$ $\log_n b = e$				(B) (D)	$\log_e b = n$ $\log_b n = e$			
17.	What is the value of $\log_5 125$ ?									
	(A)	3	(B)	4	(	(C)	5	(D)	25	
18.	What is the value of $\log_2\left(\frac{1}{32}\right)$ ?									
	(A)	-5	(B)	-4	(	(C)	4	(D)	5	
19.	What is the value of $X$ , given $2^{x} = 6$ ?									
	(A)	0.39	(B)	0.48	(	(C)	2.58	(D)	3	
20.	What is the value of $X$ , given $3^{x-1} = 14$ ?									
	(A)	$\frac{\log 14}{\log 3} + 1$			(	(B)	$\frac{\log 14}{\log 3} - 1$			
	(C)	$\frac{\log 3}{\log 14} - 1$			(	(D)	$\frac{\log 3}{\log 14} + 1$			
21.	What is the value of $x$ , given $e^x = 4$ ?									
	(A)	0.6	(B)	1.4	(	(C)	2.7	(D)	54.6	
22.	What is the value of $\log_6 25$ ?									
	(A)	0.5566(B)	1.506	59(C)	1.7964	(D)	4.1667			
23.	What is the value of $log_4 27$ ?									
	(A)	0.4206(B)	1.453	3(C)	2.3774	(D)	6.75			
24.	What is $2\log_2 4 + \log_2 2$ as a single logarithm?									
	(A)	log <sub>2</sub> 4	(B)	log <sub>2</sub> 8	3 (	(C)	log <sub>2</sub> 16	(D)	log <sub>2</sub> 32	

25.	What is $2\log_3 5 + 3\log_3 2$ as a single logarithm?										
	(A)	log <sub>3</sub> 60	(B)	log <sub>3</sub> 1.	.7	(C)	log <sub>3</sub> 150	(D)	log <sub>3</sub> 200		
26.	What is the value of $log_8 16 + log_8 32$ ?										
	(A)	$-\frac{1}{3}$	(B)	$\frac{1}{3}$		(C)	-3	(D)	3		
27.	What is the value of $\log_4 4 + \log_2 8$ ?										
	(A)	3	(B)	4		(C)	5	(D)	6		
28.	Which expression is equivalent to $\log_2 16$ ?										
		2 log 8 log <sub>2</sub> 20 – log <sub>2</sub> 4									
29.	Which expression is equivalent to log8?										
	(A)	2log4	(B) 4log2								
	(C)	3log2	(D)	$) \frac{1}{2} \log 16$							
30.	The logarithmic regression equation for the height of a tree is $y = 6.099 + (6.108) \ln x$ , where $y$ is the height of the tree and $x$ is the time in years. What is the height of the tree after 60 months?								he time in		
	(A)	15.9	(B)	17.0		(C)	10.4	(D)	31.1		
31.	using t	the formula <b>lo</b>	gE=4	1.4 + 1.5	5R, wh	ere <i>E</i> i	e determined on the energy reads of the energy	eleased	in joules and		

- 32. The pH scale is used to measure the acidity of a solution. The pH, p(x), is defined by the equation  $p(x) = -\log x$ , where the concentration of hydrogen ions, x, in a solution is measured in moles per litre (mol/L).
  - (i) Black coffee has a pH of 5. What is its hydrogen ion concentration?
  - Baking soda has a pH of 9. In terms of concentration, how much (ii) more acidic is black coffee than baking soda?
- Write  $2\log_5 3 + \log_5 6 \log_5 27$  as a single log and then evaluate. 33.
- Write  $\log_3 27 \log_3 3 + 2\log_3 \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)$  as a single log and then evaluate. 34.
- Write  $3log_3 9 6log_3 2$  as a single log and then evaluate. 35.
- Write  $\log_4 5 + \frac{1}{2} \log_4 16 \log_4 1.25$  as a single log and then evaluate. 36.
- Write  $log_2 35 log_2 7 + log_2 6.4$  as a single log and then evaluate. 37.
- 38. Solve each of the following equations for *X*:

(A) 
$$4^{x+1} = 52$$

(B) 
$$9^{2x-3} = 5$$
  
(C)  $e^{3x+2} = 34$ 

(A) 
$$4^{x+1} = 52$$
  
(C)  $2^{x+3} = 5^{2x-1}$ 

(C) 
$$e^{3x+2} = 34$$

- Lori invests \$9000 in her grandchild's college fund. The fund grows at a rate of 39. 8% per year compounded monthly. How long will it take the fund to grow to \$20 000.
- The population of coyotes in NL is given by the function  $P(t) = 25(3)^{\frac{t}{4}}$ , where 40. P(t) is the number of coyotes and t is the time in years. How long will it take for the population to reach 258 animals?
- 41. Joshua invests \$500 into an account that pays 5% interest compounded quarterly. Write an equation to represent this situation and then use it to determine the how long will it take for his investment to reach \$900?
- Cesium-137 has a half-life of 30 years. If the initial mass of the cesium-137 were 42. 700mg, how long would it take to decrease to 100 mg?

43. Sheldon's solution to a problem is shown below. Identify his mistakes and provide a correct solution:

$$2\log_{2} 5 - \log_{2} \left(\frac{4}{5}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\log_{2} 16$$

$$= \log_{2} 5^{2} - \log_{2} \left(\frac{4}{5}\right) + \log_{2} \left(\frac{16}{2}\right)$$

$$= \log_{2} 25 - \log_{2} \left(\frac{4}{5}\right) + \log_{2} 8$$

$$= \log_{2} \left(25 \times \frac{4}{5} \times 8\right)$$

44. An advertising agency has determined that the number of items sold is related to the amount of money spent on advertising. A logarithmic regression was performed and the results were as follows:

LnReg 
$$y = a + b \ln x$$
  $a = 1500$   $b = 315$ 

- (A) Write the equation based on the result above.
- (B) Use the equation to determine the number of items that will be sold if \$10000 is spent on advertising.

**Answers:** 

- 31)  $E = 10^{14.9}$
- 32) i)  $10^{-5}$  or 0.00001 ii)  $10^{-9}$  or 0.000000001It is  $10^{4}$  times more acidic (10 000)

33) 
$$\log_5 2 = 0.4307$$
 34)  $\log_3 \left(\frac{1}{9}\right) = -2$  35)  $\log_3 \left(\frac{729}{64}\right) = 2.2$ 

- 36)  $\log_4 16 = 2$  37)  $\log_4 16 = 2$ 
  - 37)  $\log_2 32 = 5$
- 38) (a) 1.8502(b) 1.8662(c) 1.4605(d) 0.5088
- 39) 120 months (10 years) 40) 8.5 years 41) ~16 years
- 42) 7.63 years
- 43) Step 1: Divided by 2 instead of having exponent of  $\frac{1}{2}$

Step 3: Multiplied the 25 and the  $\frac{4}{5}$  instead of dividing

$$2\log_{2} 5 - \log_{2} \left(\frac{4}{5}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\log_{2} 16$$

$$= \log_{2} 5^{2} - \log_{2} \left(\frac{4}{5}\right) + \log_{2} 16^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \log_{2} 25 - \log_{2} \left(\frac{4}{5}\right) + \log_{2} 4$$

$$= \log_{2} \left(25 \div \frac{4}{5} \times 4\right)$$

$$= \log_{2} 125$$

- 44) (a)  $y = 1500 + 315 \ln x$ 
  - (b) 4401 items